



Introduction to Payment & Delivery System Reform

Advancing School Health in a Time of Reform

2014 Statewide Conference

#CAKidsHealth14

Important Concepts in Delivery System Reform

Triple Aim: Better care for patients, better health for our communities, and lower costs

Return on Investment (ROI): The savings generated by spending money on something

Risk: The entity that is “at risk” is the one that loses money if things don’t go as hoped.

Capitation: Paying a flat rate for a person’s health care (puts the recipient at risk)

Pay for Performance: Linking payment to achievement of specific outcomes.

How is the ACA actually promoting change in the health care system?

Center for Medicare and Medicaid Innovation
– making grants for health care delivery innovations that have 3 year ROI.

State Innovation Model – grants to states to innovate.

Accountable Care Organizations – new ways of organizing providers so that everyone has an incentive to save money.



How is the ACA actually promoting change in the health care system? (cont)

Promoting the concept of “Patient Centered Medical Homes” through grants to states. Referred to as 2703 pilots due to their section in the ACA.

Community benefit requirements for non-profit hospitals.



Challenges for School-Based Health

Measuring ROI – can we measure savings based on our services?

Timeline for ROI – how long does it take for school-based health services to “pay off,” especially when our focus is children?

Wrong pocket problem – what system gets the savings?

